# 3D modelling of the ACS chemical targets



Cliquez pour modifier le sty

#### The LMD Mars General Circulation Model

Forget et *al., JGR*, 1999; Angelats i Coll *et al., JGR*, 2004; Montmessin *et al., JGR*, 2004; Lefèvre *at al., JGR*, 2004; González-Galindo *et al., JGR*, 2005

•Developed jointly by Laboratoire de Météorologie Dynamique,

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inherited from the Reprobus Earth

•Dynamical core inherited from the LMD GCM Earth model

- •Martian topography, thermal inertia, and albedo
- •Radiative transfer in visible and thermal infrared bands
- •Sub-grid scale parameterizations
- •Comprehensive representation of CO2, water, and dust cycles
- •Photochemistry (CO2, CO, HOx, Ox)

chemical model

- 16 species, 50 reactions
- interactive coupling with water cycle

•Terrain-following vertical coordinates, 39 levels from the surface

up to about 120 km

•Horizontal resolution : 5.6° x 3.8°



## Some of the ACS chemical targets

- · O2(1 $\Delta$ g) NIR
- · CO NIR, MIR
- · CH4 MIR
- · CH2O MIR
- · C2H6
- · H2O2 TI
- · HO2

MIR TIRVIM MIR



Formation of  $O2(1\Delta)$ 

 $\begin{array}{rl} O3 + h\nu & \rightarrow O2(1\Delta) + O \\ \hline O + O + CO2 & \rightarrow O2(1\Delta) + CO2 \end{array}$ 

Loss of O2( $1\Delta$ )

 $\begin{array}{rcl} O2(1\Delta) & \longrightarrow & O2(3\Sigma) \ + \ h\nu \ (1.27 \ \mu m) \\ O2(1\Delta) \ + \ CO2 \ \longrightarrow & O2(3\Sigma) \ + \ CO2 \end{array}$ 

τ = 1.2 hour k < 2x10-20 cm3 s-1

# During the day: O3 + hv $\rightarrow$ O2(1 $\Delta$ ) + O

#### **SPICAM**

#### GCM



#### **SPICAM**









Exp 2013 007 year 2





Bertaux et al., 2012



22 November 2004 Ls = 120° 76°S 13°E

excited singlet state

ground triplet state

 $\tau$  = 1.2 hour



Exp 2011 007 year 2



CRISM limb observations Clancy et al., 2012; 2013



#### SPICAM limb observations Fedorova et al., 2012

## $O + O + CO2 \rightarrow O2(1\Delta) + CO2$





observations

### Carbon monoxide CO

integrated column



- ~ 5 year photochemical lifetime in the lower atmosphere
- good tracer of CO2 condensation/sublimation
- ACS detection limit: 4 ppmv (SO), 100 ppmv (nadir)

### Carbon monoxide CO

vertical distribution



Ls = 180°

 $Ls = 90^{\circ}$ 



#### **Methane CH4**

SAM/MSL: CH4 < 1.3 ppbv (Webster et al., 2013) ACS detection limit : 0.02 ppbv





Ls =

Ls =

### Formaldehyde CH2O

- Current upper limit : < 3 ppbv (Krasnopolsky et al., 1997)</li>
- ACS detection limit : 0.03 ppbv



Seasonal variations

Ls = 090°

### Ethane C2H6

- Current upper limit : < 0.2-0.6 ppbv (Villanueva et al., 2011; Krasnopolsky et al., 1997)
- ACS detection limit : 0.05 ppbv



#### Seasonal variations

Ls = 090°

### Hydroperoxy radical HO2

- Main ozone-destroying HOx species
- · ACS detection limit : 1 ppbv



s =		
70°		

Ls = 250°

### Hydrogen peroxide H2O2

· ACS detection limit : ? ppbv



Lefèvre and Krasnopolsky, submitted.



### Hydrogen peroxide H2O2

· ACS detection limit : 1 ppbv



Ls = 070° Ls = 250°

# Yet to be identified

NO, NO2

SO2

H2S

HCI

•

NO < 1.7 ppbv ACS detection limit : 3 ppbv</li>
< 0.3 ppbv</li>
< 20 ppbv ACS detection limit : 5 ppbv</li>
< 0.2 ppbv ACS detection limit : 0.04 ppbv</li>



#### **MY26**







ous-titres du masque



SPICAM

#### Modèle





**Fig. 5.** Temperature dependence of the  $O + O + N_2$  recombination rate constant at low temperature, with current experimental measurements, previous literature r-esults, and expressions from evaluators' recommendations. Solid dot  $O_2$  room temperature results from Ref. [8]. Error bars are  $1-\sigma$  precision.